

**Section 15.1 Local Extrema**

- The concepts of a local maximum and a local minimum.
- The concept of a critical point.
- Relation of critical points and local extrema.
- Classifying critical points: Assume that a point  $(a, b)$  is a critical point of a function  $F(x, y)$ . That is we calculated that  $F_x(a, b) = 0$  and  $F_y(a, b) = 0$ . Next we calculate

$$F_{xx}(a, b), \quad F_{xy}(a, b), \quad F_{yy}(a, b), \quad \text{and} \quad D = F_{xx}(a, b)F_{yy}(a, b) - (F_{xy}(a, b))^2.$$

Then  $F(a, b)$  is a local minimum if  $D > 0$  and  $F_{xx}(a, b) > 0$ ,  $F(a, b)$  is a local maximum if  $D > 0$  and  $F_{xx}(a, b) < 0$ , and  $F(a, b)$  is neither local minimum nor local maximum (it is a saddle point) if  $D < 0$ .

**Section 15.1, Exercises and Problems:** 1-18, 20, 24 - 29, 34

**Section 15.2 Optimization**

- There are many practical problems here, like 17-23.
- Theorem 15.1 provides conditions under which a function has a global minimum and a global maximum.

**Section 15.2, Exercises and Problems:** 1-15, 18-25, 27-30

**Section 15.3 Constrained optimization: Lagrange multipliers**

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**Section 15.3, Exercises and Problems:** 1-18 (do most, in particular 4, 8, 14, 15, 17), 19, 20, 22, 24, 25, 26, 28, 33, 38, 40